

# Convexity

Prof. Friedrich Eisenbrand  
Christoph Hunkenschröder

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## Assignment Sheet 9

December 1, 2016

### Exercise 1

The Gamma function is defined as  $\Gamma(x) = \int_0^\infty r^{x-1} e^{-r} dr$  for  $x > 0$ . Prove that

1.  $\Gamma(x+1) = x\Gamma(x)$ .
2.  $\Gamma(n) = (n-1)!$  for positive integer  $n$ .

### Exercise 2

Prove the missing step in the computation of  $v_n$ , the volume of the ball  $B_1^n$ , from the lecture. Namely show that

$$\int_0^\infty nR^{n-1} e^{-\frac{R^2}{2}} dR = 2^{\frac{n}{2}} \Gamma\left(\frac{n}{2} + 1\right)$$

### Exercise 3 [★]

Let  $A, B \subseteq \mathbb{R}^n$  be convex sets. Show the following equality of sets (in  $\mathbb{R}^{n+1}$ ).

$$\text{conv}(\{0\} \times A \cup \{1\} \times B) = \bigcup_{t \in [0,1]} [t] \times ((1-t)A + tB).$$

### Exercise 4

Let  $A \subseteq \mathbb{R}^n$  be a brick set consisting of at least two bricks. Show that there exist a canonic unit vector  $e_i \in \mathbb{R}^n$  and  $b \in \mathbb{R}$  and two bricks  $B_1, B_2 \in A$  s.t.  $e_i^\top x \leq b$  for all  $x \in B_1$  and  $e_i^\top x \geq b$  for all  $x \in B_2$ . That is, show there exists a hyperplane that separates two bricks of  $A$  completely.

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The deadline for submitting solutions is **Thursday, December 8, 2016**.